

Research on Optimization Measures for Cross cultural Communication in Multinational Enterprises

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Abstract: With the rapid advancement of global economic integration, many domestic enterprises are actively carrying out international operations from a global perspective to explore sustainable development paths. In this context, achieving efficient cross-cultural communication is particularly crucial for enterprises. Considering the complexity of different language environments, explore in depth the differentiated communication strategies that should be adopted in different language environments. Further analyze the various problems, challenges, and influencing factors encountered by enterprises in cross-border communication, and propose corresponding solutions and response modes for these problems and challenges. These discussions aim to help companies better adapt to the globalized business environment and achieve effective cross-cultural communication and exchange.

Keywords: multinational operations; cross cultural communication; communication barriers

1. Introduction

In the 21st century, the tide of economic globalization has prompted the 'going global' strategy to become a prevalent choice among many high-quality enterprises. These enterprises are actively seeking sustainable development from the perspective of international trade and engaging in cross-border operations. This transformation has made the operating environment of enterprises increasingly internationalized and diversified, bringing unprecedented development opportunities for enterprises. Through cross-border operations, enterprises can successfully expand their business scope, optimize resource allocation, and significantly enhance their core competitiveness. However, as companies conduct business activities on a global scale, the cross-cultural issues they encounter are becoming increasingly prominent. Compared to operating domestically, cross-border operations are clearly more complex. In overseas environments, employees must adapt to foreign cultures that are completely different from their home country. Although they work within the same organization due to common goals, cultural differences between countries and enterprises bring unavoidable friction, leading to cultural heterogeneity within multinational corporations. This heterogeneity often leads to cross-cultural management conflicts between enterprises, becoming a major challenge for cross-border operations. According to data from the US Department of Commerce, up to 65% of Chinese companies make losses in overseas investments. One key factor is the lack of crosscultural communication and management. Due to the lack of effective cross-cultural communication and management strategies, Chinese companies have encountered many difficulties in international investment transactions. Therefore, in the current context of globalization, how to improve the efficiency of cross-cultural communication, effectively respond to the challenges of cross-cultural communication, and achieve harmonious coexistence and integration between different cultures has become an urgent problem for Chinese enterprises to solve.

2. The concept of cross-cultural communication

Cross cultural communication refers to the process of mutual communication, understanding, and integration between people from different cultural backgrounds through language and nonverbal communication. In today's increasingly interconnected global economy, cross-cultural communication has become increasingly frequent and important. Efficient cross-cultural communication skills not only help achieve personal and organizational goals, but also promote harmonious coexistence between different cultures. In the environment of multinational corporations, employees come from all over the world and carry different cultural backgrounds and values. Due to differences in corporate culture between the East and the West, employees may have different understandings and interpretations in the daily operation and management of the company, which will inevitably affect various aspects of enterprise operation. In terms of way of thinking, Eastern culture tends to be roundabout and emphasizes overall harmony, while Western culture is more direct, professional, and pursues precision. These differences will be reflected in decision-making, team collaboration, communication methods, and other

aspects of the enterprise. Therefore, for the operators of multinational corporations, it is crucial to recognize and understand these cultural differences.

3. The problems and challenges faced by cross-cultural communication

Within an enterprise organization, there are often significant differences in the needs and expectations of employees towards each other. This difference not only increases the complexity and uncertainty of employees' views on work, but may also lead to confusion and conflicts among employees within the company. At the same time, the organizational structure of enterprises, due to its uniqueness and diversity, leads to significant differences in the formulation of strategic planning and the implementation of systems, which brings many challenges to the business decision-making of enterprises. Effective communication plays a crucial role in the management of enterprises, the operational efficiency of organizations, and the emotional state of employees. Effective communication skills are an indispensable key element in internationalized enterprises.

3.1 The importance of strong cross-cultural communication skills is self-evident.

The importance of cross-cultural communication skills is self-evident. It is not only a necessary tool for enterprises to move towards internationalization, but also a bridge to promote mutual understanding, respect, and cooperation between different cultures. This skill requires managers to have a way of thinking that goes beyond a single cultural framework, and to be able to flexibly respond to communication challenges in different cultural backgrounds. However, current foreign language education places too much emphasis on the rapid development of language skills, while neglecting the cultural accumulation behind language. This "fast food" teaching model leads to many learners being unable to communicate effectively in cross-cultural situations, despite being able to use foreign languages fluently. They often find it difficult to understand and adapt to communication methods and thinking patterns in different cultural backgrounds, resulting in numerous difficulties in business negotiations, team collaboration, and other aspects. For multinational corporations, neglecting cross-cultural communication skills will directly lead to their failure in global competition. Although Chinese multinational corporations strive to integrate local language and culture into their external promotion, their products and brands often struggle to gain widespread recognition in the international market due to a lack of profound cross-cultural communication skills.

3.2 Existence of language and cultural barriers

When multinational corporations enter a country that is vastly different from their mother tongue, language and cultural differences become the primary challenges they have to face. On this multilingual stage, communication between managers and employees has become particularly complex. Due to language barriers, both parties often have to rely on interpreters for communication, which not only increases the communication process but may also lead to delays and distortions in information transmission. In the process of indirect communication, the completeness and accuracy of information are often difficult to ensure. Minor language differences or cultural misunderstandings can lead to significant comprehension biases, resulting in decision-making errors or the breakdown of cooperative relationships. This uncertainty brings great risks to the international operation of enterprises, especially in today's fiercely competitive market and rapidly changing information. Therefore, multinational corporations must attach great importance to the issue of language and cultural barriers when expanding overseas markets. Take effective measures to overcome these obstacles and ensure accurate transmission of information and clarity of understanding. For example, companies can strengthen language training for employees and improve their cross-cultural communication skills; Meanwhile, enterprises can also leverage advanced translation technology and tools to improve communication efficiency and accuracy.

3.3 Lack of cross-cultural communication and management skills

Many multinational corporations have a superficial understanding of the importance of cross-cultural communication and management training, often believing that these training investments are only additional costs rather than indispensable links in business operations. However, in reality, the substantial impact of these trainings on business operations is farreaching. In today's increasingly globalized world, research on cross-cultural communication strategies has become crucial. Unfortunately, some multinational corporations have not realized this, as they have not fully recognized the crucial role of these strategies in improving communication and cross-cultural communication capabilities. This lack of understanding makes enterprises feel overwhelmed when facing cross-cultural communication challenges, unable to effectively address communication barriers, and may even lead to misunderstandings and conflicts. For foreign-funded enterprises, this situation is particularly prominent. When they enter overseas markets, cultural differences become an insurmountable divide. Due to the lack of cross-cultural communication skills, these companies often appear inadequate in handling overseas business, which not only damages their brand image but also weakens their competitiveness in the global market. The reason for this is precisely because these enterprises lack sufficient training and strategic research investment in cross-cultural communication, which leads to their inability to effectively overcome the obstacles brought about by cultural differences and miss valuable opportunities to seek opportunities in the globalized market.

3.4 Weak cultural influence

With a population constituting a quarter of the global total, China is undoubtedly a demographic superpower. However, on the international cultural influence stage, Chinese culture has not been able to dominate as much as its population, and its penetration power is relatively weak compared to Western culture. In fact, Chinese culture itself has no obvious disadvantages, it has rich historical heritage and unique cultural charm. However, in the wave of globalization, foreign cultures have flooded in like a tide, having a profound impact on Chinese culture. This influence is not only reflected on the surface of culture, but also penetrates into various fields of society, causing many people's understanding and identification with Chinese culture to gradually fade. Therefore, the international influence of Chinese culture is greatly limited, making it difficult to play its rightful role on the international stage. In order to change this situation, it is necessary to actively promote Chinese culture, strengthen communication and cooperation with other cultures, and enhance the international influence and competitiveness of Chinese culture. Only in this way can Chinese culture be widely disseminated and recognized worldwide, thereby enhancing the country's cultural soft power.

4. Construction of 3 coping strategies and control models

For multinational corporations, achieving efficient communication to ensure the achievement of their overall strategic goals is of core importance. To address this challenge, a full process control model for cross-cultural communication (Figure 1) is constructed to assist enterprises in achieving communication goals in a diverse cultural context. When implementing cross-cultural communication, enterprises should attach great importance to cross-cultural communication training and deeply recognize the key role of such training in promoting enterprise operation. Establish a comprehensive communication system to ensure seamless and unobstructed communication between superiors and subordinates, as well as departments within the enterprise. At the same time, it emphasizes the precise grasp of communication timing, close and necessary communication with relevant parties, timely acquisition of feedback information, and rapid adjustment based on actual situations. In order to promote the diversification of communication channels, actively explore various communication methods, and ensure the smooth transmission of information. In addition, strict monitoring of the communication process ensures the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of information to achieve the ultimate goal of communication.

4.1 Cross cultural training

Some multinational enterprises, when facing a multicultural environment, fail to fully recognize the crucial role of strengthening cross-cultural communication in their global operations, so they often appear at a loss when faced with cross-cultural communication challenges. To address this challenge, enterprises should actively maintain close communication with all parties, face and respect cultural differences, continuously examine and deepen their understanding of each other's information, and avoid making premature judgments or biases. On this basis, enterprises should attach great importance to mutual respect and sharing of different cultures and values. This not only helps to build a harmonious international business environment, but also promotes the diversified development of our society. With the increasing diversity of internal employees, the inclusiveness and integration of the enterprise will also be enhanced, and the consensus among employees will be clearer, thereby stimulating higher work enthusiasm and creativity. This corporate culture will help multinational corporations achieve more stable and sustainable development in the global market.

4.2 Control of Communication Time

Details determine success or failure in cross-border communication. In order to ensure efficient and smooth communication, it is necessary to carefully monitor and manage the parties involved in communication and key processes. This not only includes real-time monitoring of communication progress, but also pre evaluating potential issues and developing corresponding response strategies. Adhering to established plans is crucial in the communication process. When team members lack communication skills or encounter other unpredictable problems, they must respond quickly. This may mean the need to immediately adjust communication strategies or consider replacing team members with stronger communication skills and professional skills to continue executing communication tasks. Such timely adjustments are crucial for the entire workflow. It can quickly restore the stability of communication, prevent problems from further escalating, and ensure that the project can proceed smoothly according to the established schedule and progress. Through these measures, it is possible

to effectively avoid adverse effects on the entire workflow, thereby ensuring the smooth achievement of enterprise goals.

4.3 Control of communication channels

Choose the most suitable communication channel based on communication goals. When choosing communication channels, we not only need to consider the efficiency of information transmission, but also need to deeply consider the communication preferences and acceptance that employees may have due to different cultural backgrounds. Some employees may prefer face-to-face communication, believing that this approach is more direct and humane; And some employees may prefer email or online meetings because they can arrange their time more flexibly during busy work. It should also be noted that people's sensitivity and acceptance of communication methods vary among different cultural backgrounds. For example, in some cultures, direct and frank communication is considered honest and efficient; In other cultures, overly direct expression may be seen as offensive or rude. Therefore, when choosing communication channels, we should try our best to comply with the overall communication norms of the company while respecting and adapting to the cultural background of employees. To ensure the diversity and inclusiveness of communication channels, guidelines or suggestions for selecting communication channels can be established, allowing employees to make choices based on their cultural background and preferences. At the same time, employees should also be encouraged to maintain an open and inclusive attitude in communication, respect and understand the communication methods of others, and jointly create a harmonious and efficient communication environment.

4.4 Control of Communication Quality

It is crucial to ensure that all parties involved have a clear understanding of the communication goals and expected outcomes before starting cross-cultural communication. This requires all parties to clarify the purpose of communication before it begins, whether it is to solve a specific problem, or to share information, establish consensus, or promote cooperation. In order to organize cross-cultural communication more effectively, setting clear communication agendas and schedules is also essential. The agenda should detail the topics and key points of the discussion, ensuring that all participants have a clear understanding of the focus of the discussion. At the same time, the schedule should reasonably plan the discussion time for each topic to avoid one topic taking up too much time and affecting the discussion of other topics. In this way, all parties involved can have clear expectations for the content and process of communication, thereby improving communication efficiency and effectiveness. Furthermore, maintaining consistency and accuracy of information is crucial. The consistency of information means that the information conveyed among all parties involved must be consistent and unambiguous, to ensure that everyone has the same understanding of the content being discussed. The accuracy of information requires that the conveyed information must be accurate and free from any erroneous or misleading content.

5. Conclusion

The global economic wave propels multinational corporations to confront increasingly complex cultural differences and new challenges. Therefore, it is urgent to improve the efficiency of cross-cultural communication in order to more effectively respond to the various challenges brought about by globalization and ensure an invincible position in fierce international competition. In order to overcome many difficulties and challenges in cross-border communication, this article delves into effective coping strategies and models. This model emphasizes the importance of cross-cultural communication training, achieving comprehensive communication management, strictly controlling communication deadlines, maintaining smooth communication channels, and monitoring communication quality to ensure the expected results are achieved.

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